Section 1. Product and Company Identification

Product Name:	PRESOAK PLUS W- TIRE CLEANER			DATE:	3/12/2014
Supplier:	Kleen-Rite Corporation			REV.	01
	257 South 9th St. Columbia, PA 17512	PHONE	800-233-387	73	

In Case of emergency	Chemtrec 800-424-9300
Product type	Liquid cleaning solution

Section 2. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Name	CAS Number	% by weight	ppm
Sodium Metasilicate	6834-92-0	5 to 10	
2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	2 to 5	

There are no aditonal ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the

concentrations applicable, are classfied as hazardous to health or the environment and hence do not require reporting in this section.

Section 3. Hazardous Identification Emergency Overview: Prolonged and or repeated contact may cause mild irritation or redness to eyes and skin. Physical state Liquid Color Blue Use personnal protective gear and appropriate handeling measures to control/ reduce hazards Precautionary measures associated with contact with eyes, skin, ingestion, inhalation and environmental release. Routes of entry Eyes, skin, inhalation, ingestion Potential acute health effects Inhalation May be irritating to the mucous membranes to the nose, throat or lungs. Choking, coughing or headache may occur. May cause irritation to the mouth, throat and gastrointestinal system. Large amounts may cause Ingestion vomiting and diarrhea. Skin May cause redness or swelling. Prolonged or repeated contact may cause dermatitis. Eves Severe eye irritant. Liquid and mists may damage the eyes causing corneal injury. See toxicololical information sect 11

Section 4. First Aid Measures

First Aid for Eye:	Check for and remove any contact lens. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occationally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.
First Aid for Skin:	In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water fo rat least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes throughly before reuse.
First Aid for Inhalation:	Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, is irregular or if respiratory arrests occurs, provide artifical respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.
First Aid for Ingestion:	Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.
Protection of first aiders	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Section 5. Fire Fighting Measures

Flash point (°F)	N/A
Extingushing media	Nonflammable
Special exposure hazards	N/A
Decomposition products	Alkaline vapors in fire
Special Protective equipment for fire fighters	N/A

Section 6. Accidental F	Release Measures
Personal precautions	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecesary and unprocected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal equipment (see section 8).
Environmental precautions	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevent authorities of the product has caused environmental pollution (sewer, waterways, soil, or air).
Methods for cleaning up	
Small Spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large Spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillage into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain an collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or idatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note see Section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and Storage

Handling & Storing:	Put appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking shold be prohibited in areas where material is handled, stored, and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking, and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swollow. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and cothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventitation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. For Industrial use only.
Storage	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in orginial container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protective Equipment

Ingredient		Exposure limits			
		ACGIH TLV (L	Inited States)		
2-Butoxyethanol		TWA: 25	ppm	hours	
Recommended monitoring procedures	If this prorduct contains ingredients with monitoring may be required to determin and/or the necessity to use respiratory monitoring standards. Reference to nat hazardous substances will also be requ	e the effectiver protective equip ional guidance	ness of the ventilation of the v	on or other control measures houd be made to appropriate	5

Section 8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protective Equipment (cont'd)

Engineering measures	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclusures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face throughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminiated clothes before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Personal protection	_
Respiratory	Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
Hands	Chemical-resistant, imperivous gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their proctective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Eyes	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be use when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts. If contact is possible chemical spalsh goggles should be worn (unless the assessment indicates a higher degreee of protection).
Skin	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks invovled and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions form ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters, or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physcial state	liquid (mobile, liquid)
Flash point (°F)	N/A
Apearance @ 70°F	Blue liquid
Boiling point (°F)	>212
Specific Gravity	1.06
Vapor density	(air = 1) >1
Evaporation rate	(water = 1) <1
рН	11.5 to 12.0
Solubility in water	Soluable

Section 10. Stability and Reactivity

Chemical Stability:	Stable
Conditions to avoid	This product may react with strong oxidizing agents.
Incompatible materials Hazardous decomposition products	This product may react with strong oxidizing agents. Decomposition of this product may yeild oxides of nitrogen and ammonia, carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide and other low molecular weight hydrocarbons.
Hazardous Polymerization	Under normal conditons of stoage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological Information

Acute toxicity		-	-			
Product/ingredient name		Result	Species	Dose	Exposure	
No data provided a	t this time					
Chronic toxicity		-				
Conclusion/Summary	No data available at thi	s time				
Carcinogenicity						
Conclusion/Summary	No data available at thi	s time				
Mutagenicity						
Conclusion/Summary	No data available at thi	s time				
Teratogenicity						
Conclusion/Summary	No data available at thi	s time				
Reproductive toxicity						
Conclusion/Summary	No data available at thi	s time				
Section 12. Ecological Int	formation					
Exotoxicity	No data available at thi	s time				
Aquatic exotoxicity Conclusion/Summary	No data available at this time					
Persistence/degradablity Conclusion/Summary	Inorganic. Soluble silicates, upon dilution, rapidly depolymerise into molecular species indistinguishable from natural dissolved silica. They combine with ions like Ca, Mg, Fe, Al and others to end up as insoluble compounds similar to constituents of natural soils.					
Section 13. Disposable C	onsiderations					
Water disposal Water disposal of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and it container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be take when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.						

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: Handling and Storage and Section 8 Exposure Control/Personal Protection for additional handling information and protection of employees.

Section 14. Transportation Information

Regultory Information	UN Number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	ll ahel	Additional Information
DOT Classification	Not regulated					
IMDG Class	Not regulated					
IATA-DGR Class	Not regulated					

PG* Packing Group

Section 15. Regulatory Information

Not regulated

Section 16. Other Information

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